Getting married in Israel as a French national

Checklist for getting married in Israel as a French national

BEFORE	BANNS	CEREMONY	AFTER	CONTRACT
CCAM compulsory	**10 days**	**Local authority**	**Transcription**	**Before the wedding**

BEFORE THE WEDDING

- [ ] Find out from the local authorities about the rules for marriage
- [ ] Request the certificate of capacity to marry (CCAM) from the consulate: compulsory
- [ ] The banns are posted for 10 days (consulate, and sometimes the town hall of the place of residence)
- [ ] Marriage contract, if a regime other than the statutory community-property regime: before the wedding, with a notary or before the local authority

WHAT TO BRING FOR THE CCAM

- [ ] The official form and the list of documents from the consulate page
- [ ] The identity documents of both future spouses
- [ ] The digital apostille is accepted

ON THE DAY OF THE WEDDING

- [ ] Ceremony performed by the local authority
- [ ] Both future spouses are present
- [ ] Keep the original Israeli marriage certificate

AFTER

- [ ] Request the transcription of the certificate on the French registers (form in French or in Hebrew)
- [ ] Processing time of about 1 month. Incomplete file: sent back
- [ ] Family record book: send it with the file if you already have one

Information taken from the official pages of the Embassy of France in Israel, checked on 19 November 2026. frenchinisrael.com is an independent, unofficial site: the official page prevails, check opening hours, fees and documents before you go.